### **BNSF** Railway

### Mississippi Valley Freight Coalition

# BNSF and America's Railroads: Navigating Uncertain Times

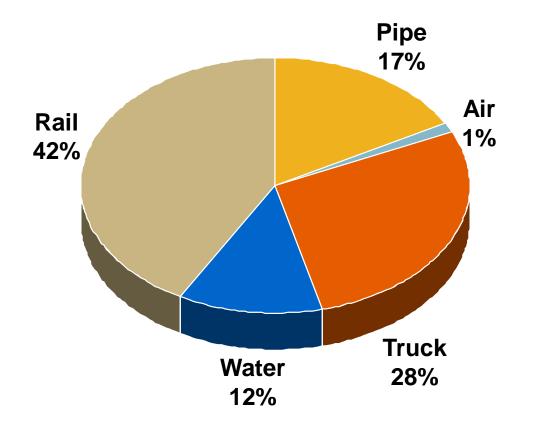
Paul E. Nowicki April 15, 2009





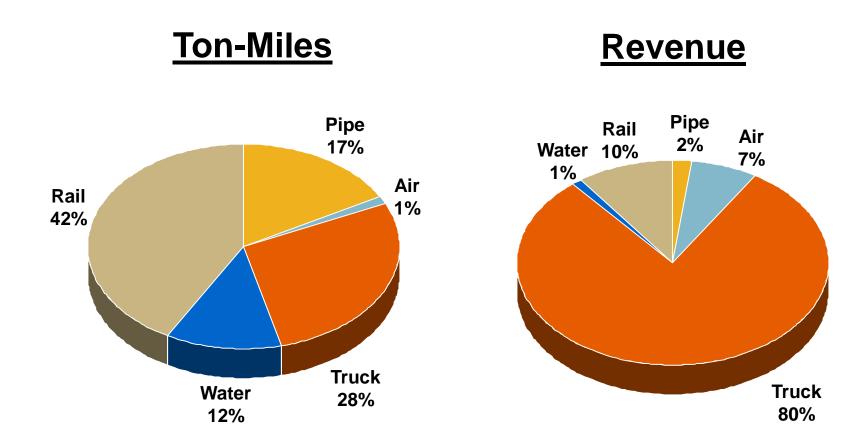
# **U.S. Freight Transportation**







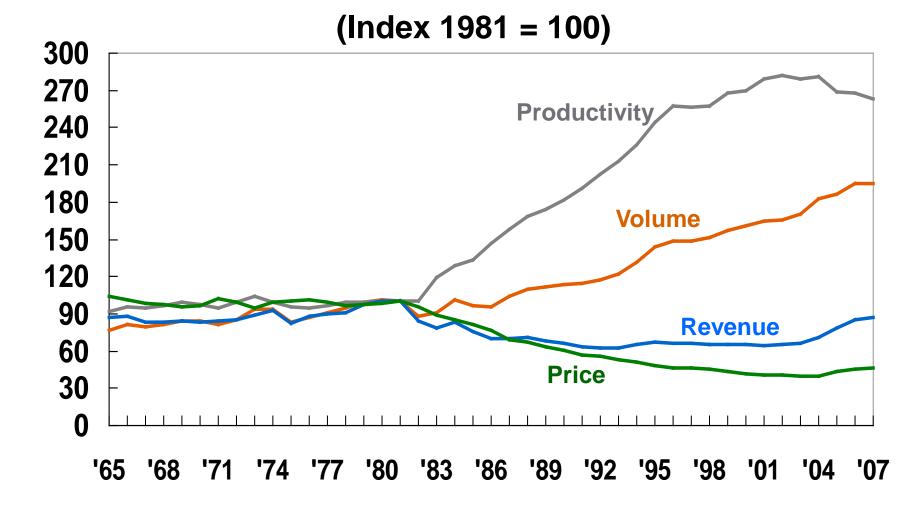
# **U.S. Freight Transportation**



#### **Source: Eno Transportation Foundation**



# **U.S. Freight Railroad Performance**

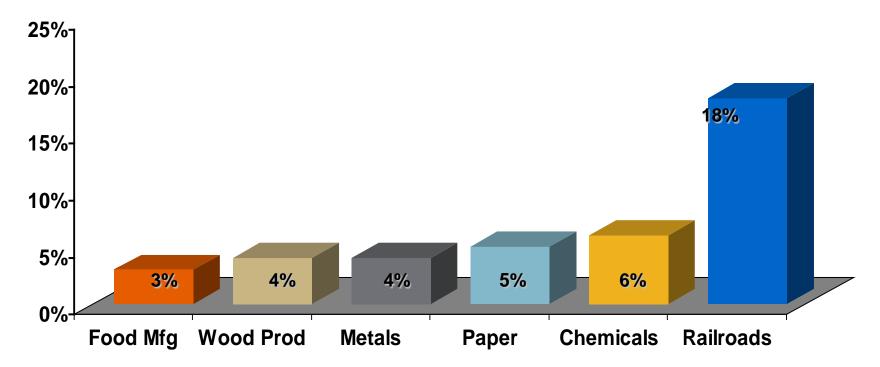


Source: AAR



### Railroading is America's Most Capital-Intensive Industry

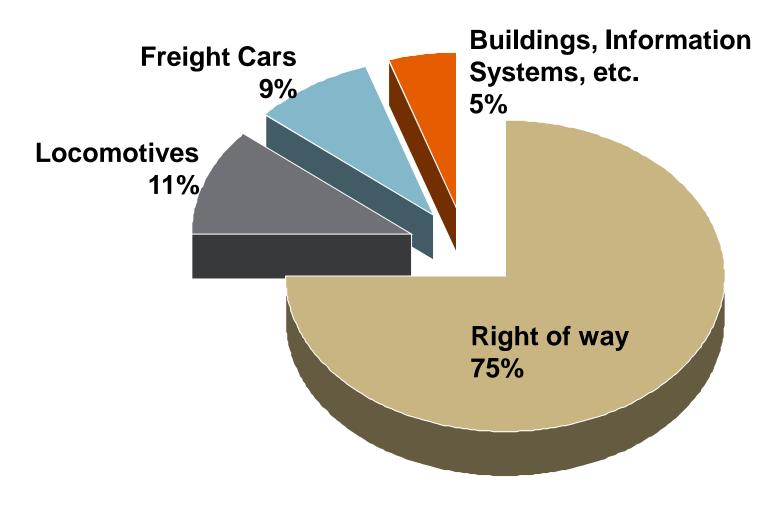
### **Capital Expenditures as a % of Revenue\***





\*U.S. Bureau of the Census

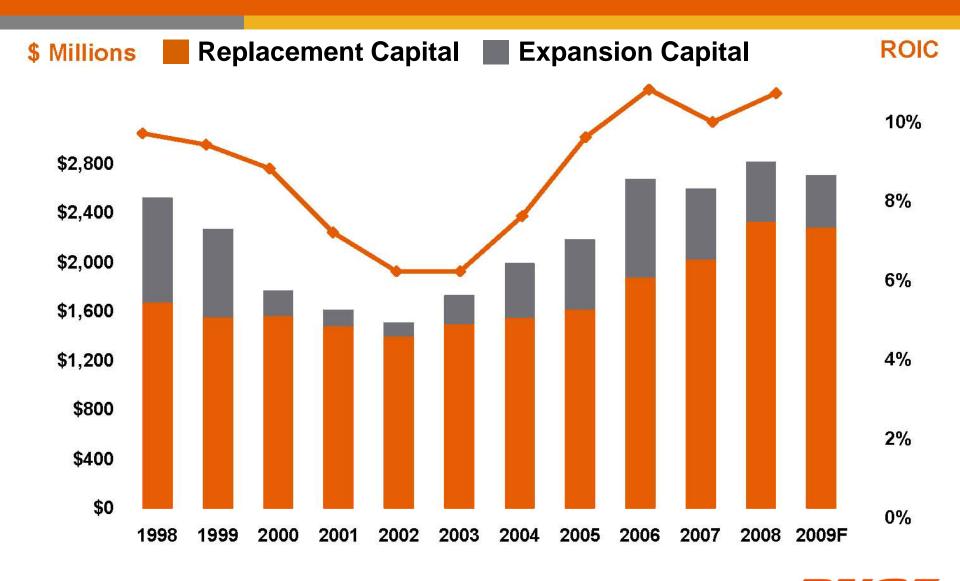
# **Rail Industry Investments**



Source: Transmatch Consulting

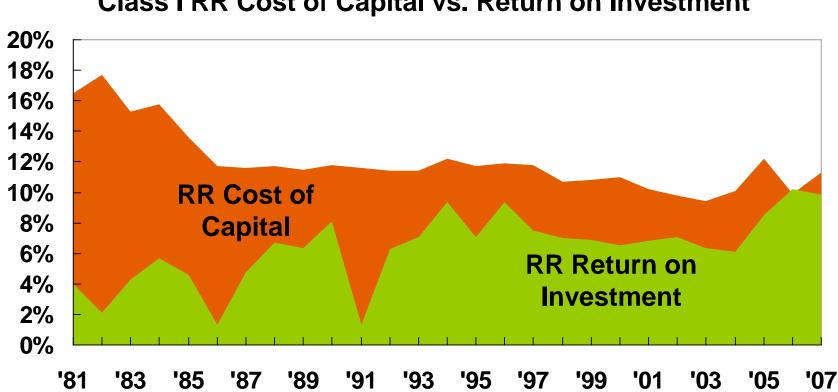


# **Capital Spending vs Profitability**



RAILWAY 6

### **Railroads Have Not Earned Their Cost of Capital**



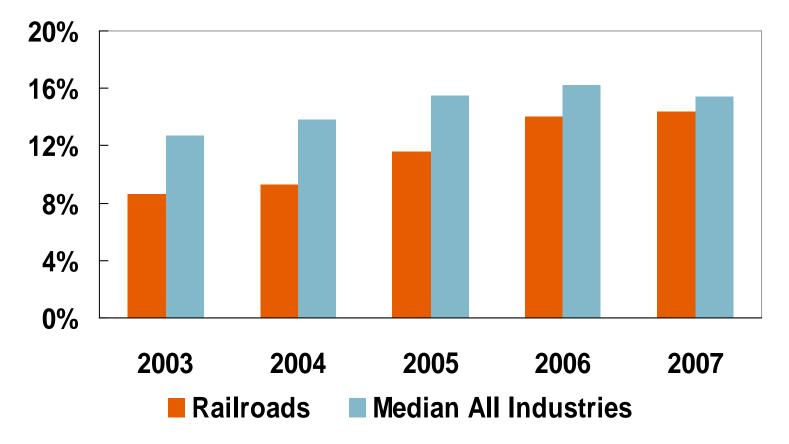
#### **Class I RR Cost of Capital vs. Return on Investment**



Source: STB

### **RR Profitability is Below Average Even in Era of "Record Profits"**

#### **Return on Equity: Railroads vs. All Industries**







# **Capital Investment Reality**

### If ROI >cost of capital:

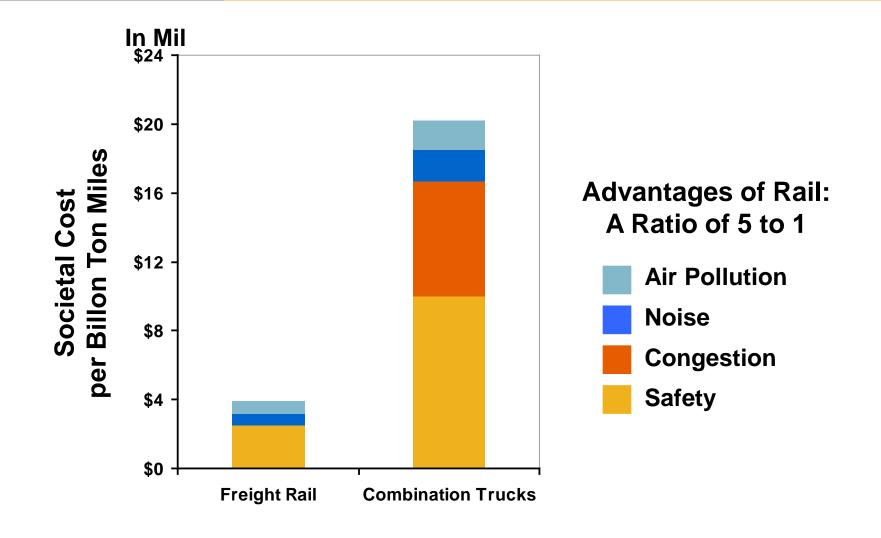
- Higher capital spending
- Stronger physical plant; more and better equipment
- Better service
- Sustainability

R 0 If ROI < cost of capital:

- Lower capital spending
- Weaker physical plant and equipment
- Poorer service
- RR industry declines/ not sustainable



### Public Policies Should Encourage Use of Freight Rail





### **Rail Emits a Fraction of Total U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions**

#### Rail = 2.6% of GHGs

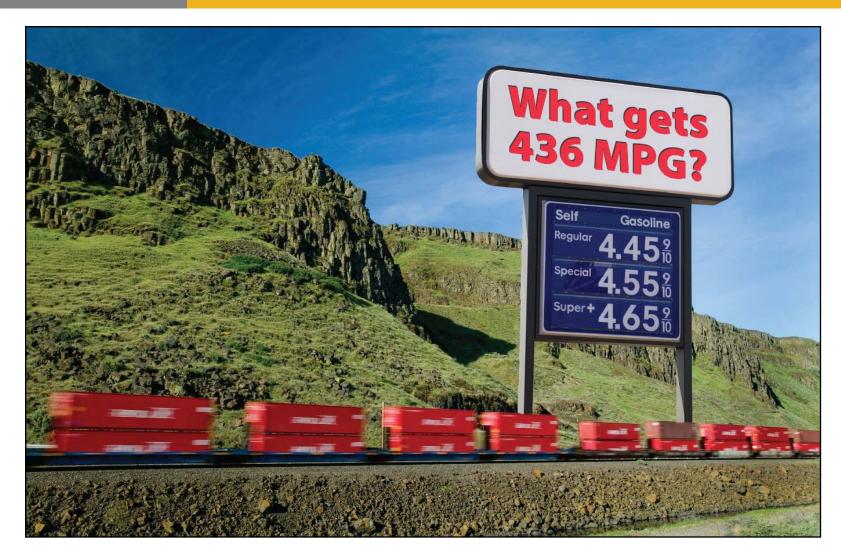
#### CHARTER CONTRACTORS AND

#### Trucks = 21% of GHGs



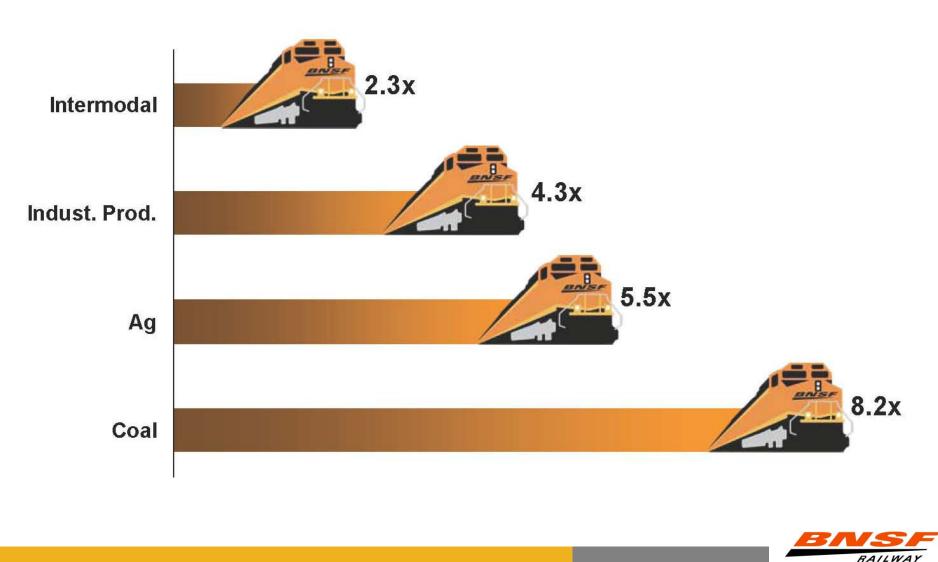








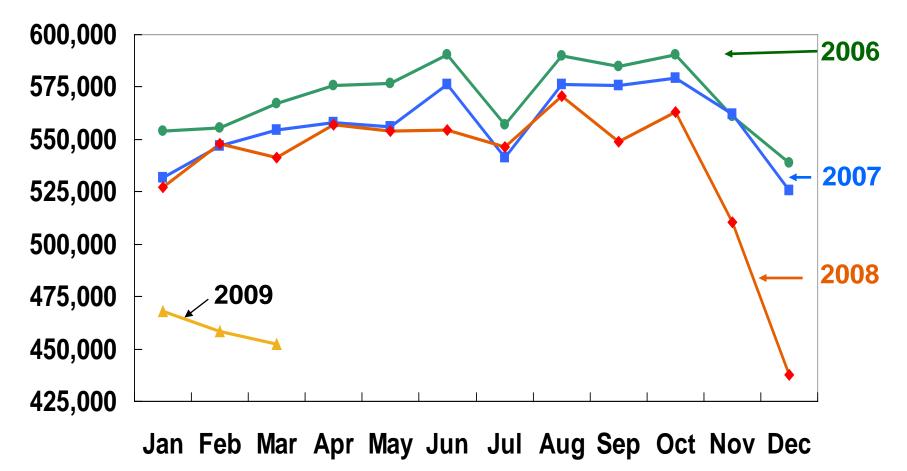
# Rail is 2-8 times more fuel efficient than trucks



13

### Late-2008 Plunge in U.S. Rail Traffic







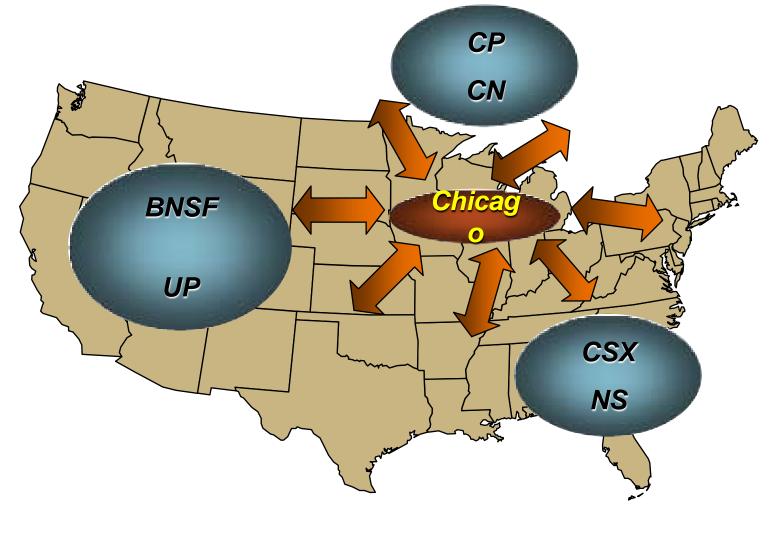
# **Running BNSF During a Recession**

**Guiding Principles:** 

- Continue maintenance program
- Reduce expenses
  - Operations
  - Equipment
  - People
- Maintain financial flexibility



# Chicago is North America's Rail Hub





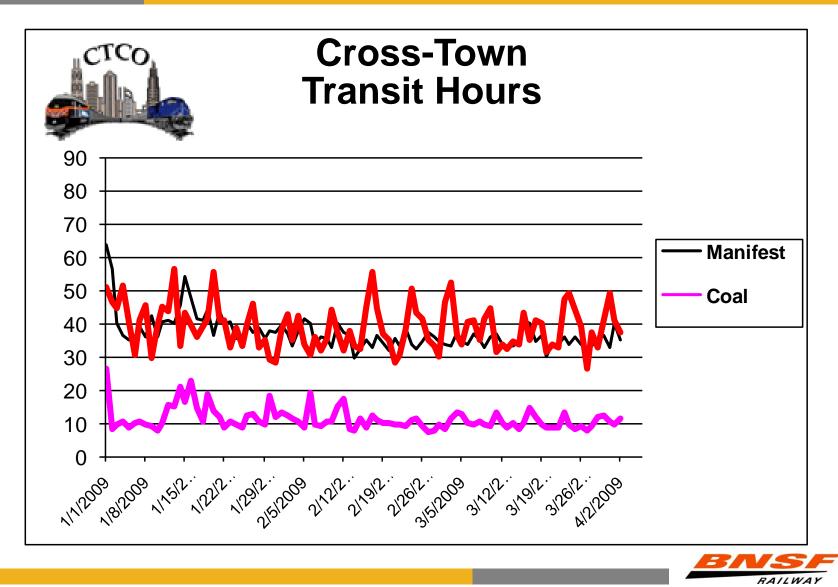
# CREATE

### **Chicago's Rail Operations and Infrastructure are Complex**

- 1,200 daily trains
- 12 commuter rail routes
- 18 intermodal hubs
- 70 yards and terminals
- 2,800 track miles (excluding yards)
- 900 highway-rail grade crossings
- 132 rail-rail grade crossings



### CREATE



# **CREATE** Team

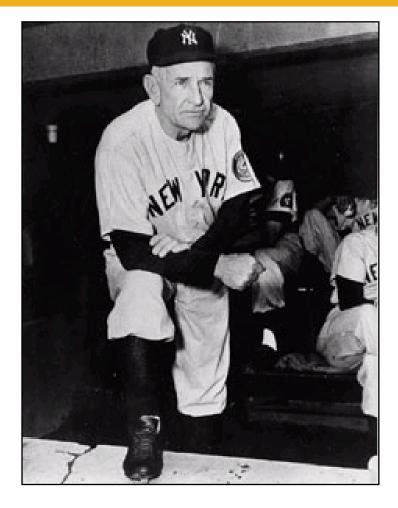


*RAILWAY* 19

### CREATE

# *"It's easy to get the players.*"

Gettin'em to play together, that's the hard part"





# **CREATE Program – 78 Projects**

- 25 road/rail grade separations
- 6 "flyovers"
- 47 railroad projects



### Construction Costs: \$1.5 Billion (est.)

• Funding:

<u>Plan</u>		<u>Actual</u>
\$900MM	Federal	\$86MM
\$300MM	State	—
\$212MM	Railroads	\$100MM
\$30MM	City of Chicago	—
\$20MM	Metra	—

• Philosophy:

Private Capital commensurate with private benefits

Public Capital commensurate with public benefits



# **CREATE: 2009-2016**

### Phase II

### >\$1.4 Billion

Complete all railroad projects, including three flyovers plus extensive rail/road grade crossing separation work

**Funding**:

- Stimulus/ARRA
- SAFETEA-LU Reauthorization
- State of Illinois
- -Railroads



### • Chicago rail operations remain problematic:

- High costs
- Poor service
- Lower rates
- Public funding uncertainties (When? How much?)
- More passenger trains coming!
- Keys to success
  - ≻Trust
  - Patience, Persistence, Perseverance

Congressional/legislative champions



### **Rail Industry Federal Policy Priorities**

Balanced regulation ("Re-regulation")

Anti-Trust



### **Rail Industry Federal Policy Priorities**

Investment tax credit

Economic stimulus



CAUTION: Vehicle may be Transporting Political Promises!

1



