

#### **Logistics and Distribution Institute**





## **Brief Information about the University of Louisville**



- louisville.edu
- louisville.edu/lodi





## Goals



- Develop a Logistics and Distribution (*LoDI*) index to gage the logistics and distribution activity in the greater Louisville area AND the US
- The LoDI index is predictive in nature
- The index is released monthly
- The LoDI index will be represented as a number between 0 and 100.
  - Lower values (below 50) represent a decline in the logistics and distribution activity in the region for the upcoming quarter.
  - Higher values (above 50) represent an increase in the logistics and distribution activity



## **Motivation**



- Various methods of measurement have been utilized to provide an improved understanding of the relationship between risk and reward for businesses. e.g. Consumer Confidence Index (CCI)
- The ability to measure changes in the logistics and distribution industry via the LoDI index could be important to many local and national businesses.
- This index will be useful for important investment decisions of individual companies as well as planning and budget allocation of governmental agencies.



# **Existing Indices**



- Consumer Confidence Index (CCI):
  - Based on the University of Michigan's Index of Consumer Sentiment.
  - Measures how confident consumers are in the economy each month.
  - Uses subjective survey responses to calculate an index value.
    - (Percentage of positive answers percentage of negative answers) + 100 scaled by base year value
- Other Indices which utilize similar methods to the CCI:
  - University of Michigan's Index of Consumer Sentiment (CCI is based on this index)
  - University of Michigan's Index of Consumer Expectation (utilizes forward looking survey questions only)
  - Business Ethics Index (BEI)
  - Regional CCI Indices: CCI of Florida (CCIF) and CCI of Ohio (OCCI)



# **Existing Indices**



- Consumer Price Index (CPI):
  - Measures expected changes in the cost of monthly household expenditures (costof-living index).
  - As a cost of living indicator, the CPI can be used to measure inflation.
  - Price data collected based on point-of-purchase surveys and utilized in the calculation of the CPI.
  - A modified Laspeyres formula and the geometric mean formula, along with hedonic regression techniques are used to calculated the index value.
- Producer Price Index (PPI):
  - Measures changes in prices of goods in the manufacturing industry.
  - Pricing data is collected from manufacturing companies based on stage-ofprocessing (raw materials, intermediate goods, and finished goods) and is the basis data used for calculations.
  - Some qualitative survey responses are also collected for inclusion.
  - The Carlson-Parkin procedure is utilized along with similar methods from the CPI to calculate the index value.



## **Benefits**



- The LoDI Index will have a strict focus on the logistics and distribution industry
- Raw data from the industry is utilized for calculations, this is more reliable than subjective survey responses that are used in many other indices
- By using a combination of methodologies from current indices, the LoDI index is a strong indicator
- Provides a yardstick by which logistics and distribution companies can make investment decisions
- The LoDI Index will also be helpful to governmental agencies for infrastructure planning and budgeting decisions



#### **Input Data**



- Greater Louisville Inc., categorizes the areas of logistics and distribution via the four R's: Rail, Runway, Road, and River, Real Estate and Router
- Information from each of the "physical" R's (Road, River, Rail, and Runway) will be utilized in the LoDI index
- Secondary Data
  - Other secondary data pertaining to changes in the logistics and distribution industry, that is not highly correlated with primary data (e.g. unemployment rate or PPI)



## **Analysis**



• A linear regression model predicts the level of activity for the upcoming month





### **Benefits**



- The LoDI Index will allow users to monitor the overall health of the logistics and distributions market.
- The index will help companies determine an appropriate level of investment in the logistics and distribution sector for the upcoming quarter (or month).
- The index will provide information on the need for additional infrastructure planning to governmental agencies.
- This project is scalable and/or repeatable for other metropolitan areas.

